Ruby - Feature #5531

deep_value for dealing with nested hashes

11/01/2011 08:52 AM - weexpectedTHIS (Kyle Peyton)

Status:	Closed	
Priority:	Normal	
Assignee:	matz (Yukihiro Matsumoto)	
Target version:		
Description		
This feature requ	lest stems from dealing with nested hashes, I	ike the params from a request often dealt with in web frameworks.
Conditional code	often needs to be written with multiple logica	I ANDs in order to achieve what this simple function can:
class Hash def deep_value(' if ks.size == 1 return self[ks.shi else val = ks.shift return (self[val].is end end		
alias dv deep_va end	lue	
deep_value (dv)	will simply recurse over a hash given a set of	indexes and return the value at the end.
Example:		
foo = {:bar = foo.dv(:bar, -> 'blah' foo.dv(:cats -> nil		
Related issues:		

History

#1 - 11/01/2011 09:29 AM - ko1 (Koichi Sasada)

(2011/11/01 8:52), Kyle Peyton wrote:

Example:

```
foo = {:bar => {:baz => 'blah'}}
foo.dv(:bar, :baz)
-> 'blah'
foo.dv(:cats)
-> nil
```

Just idea. How about to extend Hash#[] for it?

--

// SASADA Koichi at atdot dot net

#2 - 11/01/2011 09:53 AM - rkh (Konstantin Haase)

What's the difference (usability wise) between

hash[:foo][:bar]

and

hash.dv(:foo, :bar)

Konstantin

On Oct 31, 2011, at 16:52, Kyle Peyton wrote:

Issue <u>#5531</u> has been reported by Kyle Peyton.

Feature <u>#5531</u>: deep_value for dealing with nested hashes http://redmine.ruby-lang.org/issues/5531

Author: Kyle Peyton Status: Open Priority: Normal Assignee: Category: Target version:

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Conditional code often needs to be written with multiple logical ANDs in order to achieve what this simple function can:

class Hash def deep_value(*ks) if ks.size

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#4 - 11/01/2011 09:53 AM - rkh (Konstantin Haase)

Never mind, got it.

On Oct 31, 2011, at 17:32, Haase, Konstantin wrote:

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class Hash def deep_value(*ks) if ks.size

#5 - 11/01/2011 08:23 PM - Eregon (Benoit Daloze)

On 1 November 2011 01:26, SASADA Koichi ko1@atdot.net wrote:

(2011/11/01 8:52), Kyle Peyton wrote:

Example:

foo = {:bar => {:baz => 'blah'}} foo.dv(:bar, :baz) -> 'blah' foo.dv(:cats) -> nil

Just idea. How about to extend Hash#[] for it?

// SASADA Koichi at atdot dot net

That would be nice.

#6 - 11/01/2011 08:34 PM - alexeymuranov (Alexey Muranov)

Konstantin Haase wrote:

Never mind, got it.

On Oct 31, 2011, at 17:32 , Haase, Konstantin wrote:

What's the difference (usability wise) between

hash[:foo][:bar]

and

hash.dv(:foo, :bar)

Konstantin

I'll answer anyway if someone else didn't get it :). { :foo => 1 }[2][3] raises NoMethodError, and { :foo => 1 }.dv(2,3) or { :foo => 1 }[2,3] should return nil.

Update: also it is possible to keep the list of all arguments in a single variable and call { :foo => 1 }.dv(*args)

#7 - 11/01/2011 09:45 PM - alexeymuranov (Alexey Muranov)

I can think of the following questions/objections to the suggested method definition:

- 1. is $\{1 \Rightarrow 2\}$.dv(1,1) # => nil the desired result?
- 2. this method examines the (super)class name of an object, rather than the behavior of an object, so does not allow to mix nested hashes and arrays,
- 3. this method calls itself recursively, while a loop would suffice.

The following is not a serious suggestion, but seriously, how about:

class Object def deep_value(*keys) obj = self obj = obj[keys.shift] while !keys.empty? && obj.respond_to?(:[]) return obj end end

(For this to work well it will be important to call it #deep_value and not to redefine #[].)

Update. Another suggestion, probably a better one (at least simpler):

class Object def deep_value(*keys) obj = self obj = obj[keys.shift] until keys.empty? || obj.nil? return obj end end

#8 - 11/01/2011 10:33 PM - nobu (Nobuyoshi Nakada)

=begin What about:

class Hash def keys.inject(self) {|container, key| container.fetch(key) {return}} end end =end

#9 - 11/01/2011 10:42 PM - alexeymuranov (Alexey Muranov)

Nobuyoshi Nakada wrote:

=begin What about: class Hash def keys.inject(self) {|container, key| container.fetch(key) {return}} end end =end

Just a small remark about defining this exclusively for Hash: what if some of the values is not a Hash but responds to #fetch? (will not look consistent enough to me).

#10 - 11/06/2011 05:48 PM - trans (Thomas Sawyer)

Probably best to use #[] internally too.

```
class Hash
  def [](*keys)
    keys.inject(self) {|container, key| value = container[key]; value ? value : return value}
  end
end
```

@Alexey you may have a point. But I suspect it would need to be conditioned off of responding to #to_h or #to_hash instead of using is_a?(Hash).

#11 - 11/07/2011 01:23 AM - neleai (Ondrej Bilka)

Do you need hash or something like multidimensional hash class that uses [], each iterates on nested... On Sun, Nov 06, 2011 at 05:48:52PM +0900, Thomas Sawyer wrote:

Issue <u>#5531</u> has been updated by Thomas Sawyer.

Probably best to use #[] internally too.

```
class Hash
  def [](*keys)
    keys.inject(self) {|container, key| value = container[key]; value ? value : return value}
  end
end
```

@Alexey you may have a point. But I suspect it would need to be conditioned off of responding to #to_h or #to_hash instead of using is_a?(Hash).

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Conditional code often needs to be written with multiple logical ANDs in order to achieve what this simple function can:

```
class Hash

def deep_value(*ks)

if ks.size == 1

return self[ks.shift]

else

val = ks.shift

return (self[val].is_a?(Hash) ? self[val].deep_value(*ks) : nil)

end

end
```

alias dv deep_value end

deep_value (dv) will simply recurse over a hash given a set of indexes and return the value at the end.

Example:

```
foo = {:bar => {:baz => 'blah'}}
foo.dv(:bar, :baz)
-> 'blah'
foo.dv(:cats)
-> nil
```

http://redmine.ruby-lang.org

network packets travelling uphill (use a carrier pigeon)

#12 - 03/27/2012 10:51 PM - mame (Yusuke Endoh)

- Status changed from Open to Assigned

- Assignee set to matz (Yukihiro Matsumoto)

#13 - 03/30/2012 01:04 AM - weexpectedTHIS (Kyle Peyton)

What's the status of this issue? Good idea? Bad idea?

#14 - 06/27/2012 03:10 AM - weexpectedTHIS (Kyle Peyton)

I'd really like to see this in the next version of Ruby, it's a really common pattern.

#15 - 10/02/2012 07:12 AM - weexpectedTHIS (Kyle Peyton)

I think there is a strong case for this logic built in to ruby.

#16 - 11/24/2012 08:45 AM - mame (Yusuke Endoh)

- Priority changed from Normal to 3
- Target version set to 2.6

matz expressed a negative opinion for similar proposal (in Japanese, #5550)

The original in Japanese:

English translation:

The essence of Hash is a key-value mapping. I'm negative for adding a method that assumes that the value is a recursive hash, or a method that is useful only for a recursive hash.

--

Yusuke Endoh mame@tsg.ne.jp

#17 - 10/08/2016 02:21 PM - dan.erikson (Dan Erikson)

I believe this has recently been implemented as Hash#dig.

#18 - 10/31/2016 03:48 AM - shyouhei (Shyouhei Urabe)

- Status changed from Assigned to Closed

Dan Erikson wrote:

I believe this has recently been implemented as Hash#dig.

Indeed. Closing peacefully.